Consolidated Financial Statements of

POWER TO CHANGE MINISTRIES

And Independent Auditors' Report Thereon

Year ended June 30, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Power to Change Ministries

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Power to Change Ministries (the "Entity") which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at June 30, 2022
- the consolidated statement of operations for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of changes in fund balances for the year then ended
- · the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the **"Basis for Qualified Opinion**" section of our auditors' report, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Entity as at June 30, 2022 and its consolidated results of operations and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many charitable organizations, the Entity derives revenue from donations, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Entity.

Therefore, we are not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to:

- the current assets reported in the statements of financial position as at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021
- the contributions and excess of revenue over expenses reported in the statements of operations for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021
- the fund balances at the beginning and end of the year, reported in the statements of changes in fund balances for the years ending June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021
- the excess of revenue over expenses reported in the statements of cash flows for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021



Our opinion on the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021 was qualified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the
 entities or business activities within the group Entity to express an opinion on the
 financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and
 performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Chartered Professional Accountants

Abbotsford, Canada November 23, 2022

KPMG LLP

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

June 30, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

	2022	2021
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,670,560	\$ 6,062,941
Accounts receivable (note 2)	334,743 391,138	1,726,987 157,512
Inventory Prepaid expenses and deposits	1,073,286	157,512
Short-term investments (note 4)	2,000,000	17,006,663
	11,469,727	25,113,813
Capital assets (note 3)	6,668,554	2,853,002
Investments (note 4)	12,518,915	1,319,663
	\$ 30,657,196	\$ 29,286,478
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5)	\$ 3,626,688	\$ 3,256,309
Found belowers		
Fund balances: Ministry fund	20,361,954	23,177,167
Capital asset fund	6,668,554	2,853,002
	27,030,508	26,030,169
Contingencies (note 6) Commitments (note 8)		
	\$ 30,657,196	\$ 29,286,478

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

Consolidated Statement of Operations

Year ended June 30, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

			Capital		
	Ministry		Asset	2022	2021
	Fund		Fund	Total	Total
Revenue:					
Contributions	\$ 33,344,909	\$	_	\$ 33,344,909	\$ 35,619,374
Conference registrations	706,870	Ψ	_	706,870	222,132
Sale of literature and	7 5 5, 5 7 5			. 55,5. 5	222, 102
materials	173,253		_	173,253	113,275
Grants	170,200		_	170,200	182,077
Other (note 2)	923,741		_	923,741	3,272,503
Investment income	715,451		_	715,451	13,677
Gift-in-kind contributions	539,559		_	539,559	127,326
Cit-III-Kiild Colltibutions	36,403,783			36,403,783	39,550,364
	,,				,,
Expenses: Business	1 200 245			1 200 245	1 152 122
Church	1,299,345		-	1,299,345	1,153,132
	615,548		-	615,548	442,930
Education	8,652,710		-	8,652,710	8,464,925
Family	2,168,622		-	2,168,622	1,484,343
Government	270,015		-	270,015	348,506
Sport	4,448,841		-	4,448,841	3,833,262
Media	1,802,349		-	1,802,349	1,720,483
International	4,059,373		-	4,059,373	5,493,112
General ministry activity	2,772,389		-	2,772,389	3,058,286
Relief and development	4,176,729		-	4,176,729	3,894,419
Child and youth					
development and					
assistance	120,861		-	120,861	172,499
	30,386,782		-	30,386,782	30,065,897
Fundraising	2,727,429		-	2,727,429	2,941,549
Donations	-		-	-	2,000,000
Administration	1,472,048		-	1,472,048	1,423,568
Interest on long-term debt	3,229		-	3,229	79,699
Amortization	-		192,195	192,195	482,142
	34,589,488		192,195	34,781,683	36,992,855
Excess (deficiency) of revenue					
over expenses before					
the undernoted	1,814,295		(192,195)	1,622,100	2,557,509
			(102,100)		2,001,000
Loss on investments	(621,761)		-	(621,761)	-
Gain on sale of capital assets	-		-	-	7,855,717
	(621,761)		-	(621,761)	7,855,717
Excess (deficiency) of revenue					
over expenses	\$ 1,192,534	\$	(192, 195)	\$ 1,000,339	\$ 10,413,226
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See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Fund Balances

Year ended June 30, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

	Ministry Fund	Capital Asset Fund	2022 Total	2021 Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 23,177,167	\$ 2,853,002	\$ 26,030,169	\$ 15,616,943
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	1,192,534	(192,195)	1,000,339	10,413,226
Interfund transfers (note 9)	(4,007,747)	4,007,747	-	-
Balance, end of year	\$ 20,361,954	\$ 6,668,554	\$27,030,508	\$ 26,030,169

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

	2022	2021
Cash and equivalents provided by (used in):		
Operating:		
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 1,000,339	\$ 10,413,226
Items not involving cash:		
Amortization of capital assets	192,195	482,142
Gifts-in-kind contributions held as inventory	(253,274)	94,464
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	(7,855,717)
Unrealized loss (gain) on life insurance policies	25,858	(19,055)
Unrealized loss on investments	626,315	
	1,591,433	3,115,060
Changes in non-cash operating working capital:		
Accounts receivable	1,392,244	511,085
Inventory	19,648	12,079
Prepaid expenses and deposits	(913,576)	66,535
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	370,379	224,372
Deferred contributions	-	(213,666)
	2,460,128	3,715,465
Financing:		
Repayment of long-term debt	-	(2,650,090)
Investing:		
Net withdrawal (purchase) of investments	3,155,238	(17,525,889)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	19,971,818
Purchase of capital assets	(4,007,747)	(308,420)
- <u>-</u>	(852,509)	2,137,509
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,607,619	3,202,884
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	6,062,941	2,860,057
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 7,670,560	\$ 6,062,941

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2022

Purpose of organization:

Power to Change Ministries ("Power to Change") exists to help people know Jesus and experience His Power to Change the world. Power to Change is incorporated under the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act as a not-for-profit organization and is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act, and as such is not subject to income taxes. Power to Change is also registered as a corporation under the Business Corporations Act of Alberta, and a corporation under the Corporations Information Act (Ontario).

1. Significant accounting policies:

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management as Power to Change's general purpose financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. Management has also prepared an additional set of financial statements on a non-consolidated basis in accordance with the provisions of Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. The significant accounting policies are as follows:

(a) Principles of consolidation:

These financial statements present the consolidated financial position and results of operations of Power to Change and the following controlled organizations:

Global Aid Network ("GAiN"); Campus Crusade for Christ Foundation ("CCCF"); Power to Change Foundation (the "Foundation"); and SportAid International ("SAID").

Significant inter-entity transactions and balances within the group of consolidated entities have been eliminated.

(b) Revenue recognition:

Power to Change follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions, giving recognition to restrictions on the use of resources specified by donors. The fund classifications are as follows:

(i) Ministry Fund:

The Ministry Fund is the general fund and includes unrestricted revenue and contributions received by Power to Change.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2022

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(b) Revenue recognition (continued):

(ii) Capital Asset Fund:

The Capital Asset Fund includes contributions, other funding received by Power to Change and transfers from the Ministry Fund designated for the purchase of capital assets.

All other revenue is recognized when the services are provided or when the goods are delivered.

Gifts-in-kind ("GIK") are valued at their estimated fair value at the time the contribution is made when a fair value can be determined and Power to Change would otherwise have purchased the items.

A substantial number of volunteers contribute a significant amount of their time each year. Because of the difficulty of determining the fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

(c) Inventory:

Inventory consists of literature, audio-visual materials and aid supplies. Literature and audio visual materials are valued at the lower of the original purchase price and net realizable value, which is the estimated selling price in the normal course of operations less estimated costs to sell. Aid supplies are valued at the lower of the original purchase price and replacement cost.

(d) Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. Betterments which extend the estimated life or improve the service potential of an asset are capitalized.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2022

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(d) Capital assets (continued):

Amortization of capital assets is provided on a straight line basis as follows:

Asset	Rate
Computer hardware Equipment Leasehold improvements Software	3 years 3 years 5 years 3 years

Assets under development are not amortized until completed and available for use.

Power to Change reviews the carrying amount of capital assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset no longer contributes to Power to Change's ability to provide goods and services, or that the value of the future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset is less than its carrying amount. If such conditions exist, an impairment loss is measured and recorded in the statement of operations at the amount by which the carrying amount of the capital asset exceeds its fair value or replacement cost.

(e) Life insurance policies:

Power to Change is the owner and beneficiary of various life insurance policies. These policies are recorded at the cash surrender value. The premiums are paid by the donors of the policies.

(f) Foreign currency transactions and translation:

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rates in effect at the year end date. Revenues and expenses originating in foreign currencies are translated at the rate in effect at the date of the transaction. Exchange gains and losses are included in the statement of operations.

(g) Measurement uncertainty:

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year.

Estimates are based on the best information available at the time of preparation of the financial statements and are reviewed annually to reflect new information as it becomes available. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2022

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(h) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Freestanding derivative instruments that are not in a qualifying hedging relationship and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. Power to Change has not elected to carry any such financial instruments at fair value.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using the straight-line method.

Financial assets carried at cost or amortized cost are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year if there are indicators of impairment. If there is an indicator of impairment, Power to Change determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset. If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount Power to Change expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future period, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of the improvement, not exceeding the initial carrying value.

(i) Allocation of expenses:

Power to Change engages in various programs. The costs of each program include the costs of personnel, premises and other expenses that are directly related to providing the program. Power to Change also incurs general and administrative expenses that are common to the administration of the organization and each of its programs.

Power to Change allocates certain of its general and administrative expenses based on an estimate of costs and services provided. Administration and corporate governance are not allocated; other general operational expenses are allocated within the Ministry Fund as presented in the statement of operations.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2022

2. Accounts receivable:

No allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded against accounts receivable at June 30, 2022 (2021 - nil).

	2022	2021
Accrued wage subsidy Other receivables	\$ 334,743	\$ 1,531,816 195,171
	\$ 334,743	\$ 1,726,987

The accrued wage subsidy consists of the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy (CEWS) in the amount of \$nil (2021 - \$1,531,816). CEWS revenue of \$356,640 (2021 - \$2,479,865) has been recorded as other income in the statement of operations.

3. Capital assets:

						2022		2021
			Α	ccumulated		Net book		Net book
		Cost	а	mortization		value		value
Land: Abbotsford	\$	1.590.250	\$		\$	1.590.250	\$	1,590,250
Computer hardware Equipment Building project under	Φ	1,702,010 1,029,352	Ф	1,537,760 991,045	Ф	1,590,250 164,250 38,307	Ф	203,696 67,701
development Software		4,855,355 312,318		- 291,926		4,855,355 20,392		932,312 59,043
	\$	9,489,285	\$	2,820,731	\$	6,668,554	\$	2,853,002

Building project under development relates to the development of a building in Abbotsford, BC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2022

4. Investments:

	2022	2021
At amortized cost:		
Guaranteed investment certificate with RBC Bank, bearing		
interest at 2.42% per annum, maturing in November 2022	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 17,006,663
Life insurance policies	764,439	790,296
At fair market value:		
Fixed income	2,111,481	-
Pooled funds	7,635,598	-
Equity	2,005,833	-
Mutual funds	-	526,921
Trust units	1,564	2,446
	14,518,915	18,326,326
Less short-term investments	2,000,000	17,006,663
	\$ 12,518,915	\$ 1,319,663

The aggregate face value of the life insurance policies is \$5,367,446 (2021 - \$5,367,446) and will be recognized as revenue when received.

5. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances payable of \$109,718 (2021 - \$38,106), which consists of amounts payable for GST and Employer Health Tax.

Also included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$293,573 (2021 - \$293,573) of current deferred contributions.

6. Contingencies:

Power to Change has one letter of credit outstanding at June 30, 2022, in the amount of \$34,595 (2021 - \$34,595). While Power to Change is the borrower, the letter of credit was issued on behalf of CCCF, who was the applicant. CCCF also has two (2021 - three) letters of credit outstanding at June 30, 2022, in the amounts of \$70,000 and \$5,000 (2021 - \$70,000, \$29,546, and \$5,000), respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2022

7. Allocation of expenses:

As described in the significant accounting policies, certain general and administrative expenses have been allocated to various programs.

General and administration expenses have been allocated as follows:

	2022	2021
Fundraising General ministry activity Administration	\$ 608,085 1,665,329 539,580	\$ 929,809 1,839,898 871,199
	\$ 2,812,994	\$ 3,640,906

8. Commitments:

Power to Change occupies office space under long-term leases in Langley, Toronto, Guelph, Ottawa, Winnipeg, Edmonton and Montreal. Total estimated operating lease payments up to the end of the lease terms are as follows:

2023 2024 2025	\$ 190,189 18,991 2,842
	\$ 212,022

9. Interfund transfers:

In 2022, the Ministry Fund transferred \$4,007,747 to the Capital Asset Fund (2021 - \$17,013,308 from the Capital Asset Fund to the Ministry Fund) for the purchase of capital assets (2021 - following the sale of the Langley property to be invested until needed for construction of the Abbotsford property), and the Externally Restricted Fund transferred \$nil (2021 - \$182,077) to the Ministry Fund.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2022

10. Financial risks and concentrations of risks:

(a) Currency risk:

Power to Change is exposed to financial risks as a result of exchange rate fluctuations and the volatility of these rates. In the normal course of business, Power to Change receives contributions and incurs expenses denominated in foreign currencies and holds bank accounts denominated in foreign currencies. At year-end, cash held in European Euros converted to Canadian currency is \$14,674 (2021 - \$13,473) and cash held in US dollars converted to Canadian currency is \$402,815 (2021 - \$509,292). Power to Change does not currently enter into forward contracts to mitigate this risk.

(b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that Power to Change will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. Power to Change manages its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. Power to Change prepares budget and cash forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations.

(c) Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. Power to Change is exposed to credit risk with respect to its accounts receivable. Power to Change assesses, on a continuous basis, accounts receivable and provides for any amounts that are not collectible in the allowance for doubtful accounts.

(d) Price risk:

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than interest rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. Power to Change is exposed to price risk with respect to investments. The risk associated with investments is managed through Power to Change's established investment policy.

(e) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Power to Change is exposed to interest rate risk primarily through its fixed rate investments.

There have been no changes to the risk exposures from the prior year.

11. Comparative information:

Certain comparative information has been reclassified to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.